

Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology Childhood Lead Poisoning Prevention Program

- Population served: Children under age 6
- Services:
 - Nursing consultation and education
 - Case Management training
 - In-home Risk Assessments
 - Data collection and analysis
- Local Public Health Agency responsibilities:
 - Case management for children under age 6
 - Reporting of lead tests conducted at the LPHA
 - Education to providers/parents
- Additional information:
 - All lead tests are reportable to DHSS regardless of the results

MISSOURI DEPARTMENT OF HEALTH & SENIOR SERVICES

WIIN GRANT: Lead Testing in Schools and Child Care Facilities

- DHSS awarded Water Infrastructure Improvements for the Nation (WIIN) Grant from EPA
- Priority to elementary schools and child care facilities
 - Children under 6 years of age
 - Low income areas, 50% of children receiving free and/or reduced lunches
 - Age of building (constructed before 1996)
- Funding to assist in voluntary water testing for lead in drinking water
 - Covers sample test kits and sample analysis
 - \$400 per sample plan and \$5 per sample

Contact Information:

Morgan Price, WIIN Grant Coordinator

573-751-6102

HealthyDrinkingWater@health.mo.gov



Get the Lead Out of Schools Drinking Water Act - RSMo160.077

- Requires schools to provide drinking water with a lead concentration level below 5 ppb before the 2023-2024 school year
- By August 1, 2024, all schools required to have completed:
 - Test all water outlets used for drinking and cooking
 - Make test results and remediation plans available to the public
 - Remediate all lead contamination before by August 2024
- \$27 Million in American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funding to reimburse school districts for testing, filtration, and remediation, for work completed prior to December 31, 2024
- Project is wrapping up as we work with remaining schools to complete reporting and provide final invoice submissions
- Schools are required to continue to test and maintain systems with at minimum 5-year testing cycle

Contact Information:
Melissa May, Healthy Drinking Water Unit Chief
573-751-6102



BEE – Health and Risk Assessment Program (HRAP)

Responsible for evaluating human exposure to hazardous substances in the environment and for making health-protective recommendations regarding actions needed.

Primary Functions

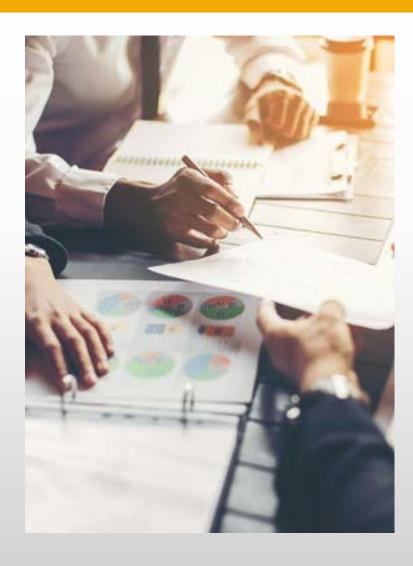
- Health Assessment Public document used to identify possible harmful exposures and to recommend actions needed to protect public health.
- Risk Assessment Technical document used in decisionmaking for site cleanups and other risk management strategies.

Other Program Functions

- Radon Program
- Private Drinking Water Program
- Choose Safe Places for Early Care and Education (CSPECE)
 Program
- EPA Superfund Lead Site Cooperative Agreements and County Contracts
- Methamphetamine Labs Exposure/Cleanup Recommendations
- Pesticide Exposure and Other Chemical Exposure Inquiries
- Addressing chemical emergencies and other emerging issues
- Community Education and Outreach

HRAP Program

Community Education and Outreach



- Public Meetings/Public Availability Sessions
- Presentations and educational materials
- Door-to-door events
- Blood-Lead Testing Events
- ATSDR SoilSHOPs
- Exhibits Health Fairs and Home Shows
- EPA Superfund Cooperative Agreements and County Contracts - Jasper, Newton, Jefferson, Washington, and Madison counties

HRAP - ATSDR Component 2

Addressing Community Cancer Concerns and Effects of Weather on Private Wells



- Additional funding awarded from ATSDR; 3rd year of 5-year period
- 1. Strengthen collaborations and response to community cancer concerns at sites
- Videos out by fall; general cancer concerns and environmental exposure risks
- Educational publications forthcoming
- 2. Providing education and resources to private well users for weather-related events
- Guidance document under review
- Factsheets on flooding and drought in private wells forthcoming
 - Training for LPHAs

HRAP Program

Key Statistical Data and Key Facts

- The HRAP team typically completes over 200 reviews of risk assessment and related documents each year on a variety of hazardous waste sites in the state. HRAP estimates that the recommended actions in health assessments in the past 3 years may prevent or mitigate exposures to nearly 400,000 Missourians once they are fully implemented. Risk assessment has determined the need for remedial actions that have protected the health of many more Missourians.
- 33 EPA National Priority List (NPL) sites are located in Missouri and we have the 14th highest number of active NPL sites in the country.
- Missouri has a long history of widespread lead mining and associated operations. Sixty of Missouri's 114 counties are impacted by historical lead mining and 9 of Missouri's lead-contaminated sites are on EPA's NPL as a result of these historical mining operations.
- Missouri is also one of 10 states in the country with active Formerly Utilized Sites Remedial Action Program
 (FUSRAP) sites. These sites are impacted by radioactive contamination from the World War II and Cold War eras.
 Four of the 25 active FUSRAP sites are located in Missouri.
- Approximately 2.22 million Missourians live in counties that have been extensively impacted by contamination at current NPL sites, including lead-mining sites (e.g., Jasper, Jefferson, Madison, Newton, St. Francois, and Washington Counties) and World War II and Cold War-era radiological contamination sites (e.g., St. Charles and St. Louis Counties and St. Louis City).



Environmental Public Health Tracking Program

EPHT is a nationwide network that delivers a core set of environmental health, exposure, and hazards data, information, and tools to enable analysis, visualization and reporting of insights on environmental public health

> Contact Information: Elizabeth Semkiw, Program Manager 573-526-6649 EPHTN@health.mo.gov

Health & Senior Services Home Profiles MICA EPHT Q Search



The Missouri Public Health Information Management System (MOPHIMS) provides a common means for users to access public health related data to assist in defining the health status and needs of Missourians.



Community Data Profiles

Community Data Profiles are available on various subject areas and provide data on 15-30 indicators for each geography selected.

- · Maternal, Infant and Child Health Profiles Chronic Disease Profiles
- Injury Profiles
- Death Profile
- · Hospital and Emergency Room Visit Profiles
- · Special Demographic Profiles
- . County-Level Study Profiles



The Missouri Information for Community Assessment (MICA) allows users to summarize data, calculate rates, and prepare information in a graphic format.

- · Maternal, Infant and Child Health MICAs
- Chronic Disease MICAs
- Injury MICA
- Death MICA
- · Hospital and Emergency Room Visit MICAs Population MICA
- Medicaid/TANF MICAs

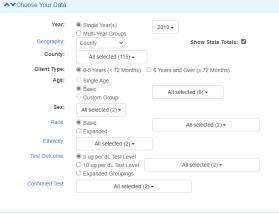
♣ Sign Up
♣ Login

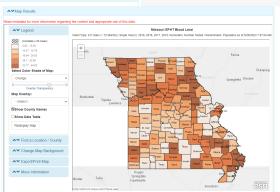
Environmental Tracking

The Missouri Environment Public Health Tracking (EPHT) program was developed to assist the public, communities, policymakers, and scientists, answer fundamental questions about the relationships between environmental exposures and health effects. Data on this site also include hazard and disease surveillance.

- Blood Lead Levels Asthma
- Birth Defects
- Myocardial Infarction
- Carbon Monoxide Poisoning
- Environmental Data
 - Agriculture
- Air Quality Water Quality
- · Community Data
- National Data







► Build Your	Results						
Build a Table	Make a Map	Create a Chart	Documentation / Metadata				
	Main Row:	Geography	∨ Row Totals: ☑		Main Column:	Statistics	✓ Column Totals: ✓
	Statistics:	Counts and Percents	of Population 💙				
Confidence Intervals:		95% Confidence Intervals					
			(5	Submit Query			

Health & Senior Services ↑ Home Profiles → MICA → EPHT → Q Search



♣ Sign Up
 ♣ Login

EPHT

The Missouri Environmental Public Health Tracking (EPHT) is a tracking system that was developed to assist scientists, communities, policymakers, and the public answer fundamental questions about the relationships between environmental exposures and health effects. Data on this site also include hazard and disease surveillance. Data may be used to create charts, tables, and maps. Most forms of output are available for download.



Agriculture

Asthma

- · Interactive Map
- · More Information

· Tables, Charts, & Maps

· More Information

Chronic Obstructive

More Information

Tables



Blood Lead Levels

- · Tables, Charts, & Maps
- More Information



Carbon Monoxide

- · Tables, Charts, & Maps
- More Information



Birth Defects

- · Tables, Charts, & Maps
- More Information



Myocardial Infarction

- · Tables, Charts, & Maps
- · More Information



Air Quality

- Tables
- More Information



Community Data

- · Community & Infrastructure
- · Occupational Health
- · Health, Environment, & Community Profiles



National Data

Water Quality

· More Information

Tables

· Tables, Charts, & Maps



Environmental Public Health Tracking

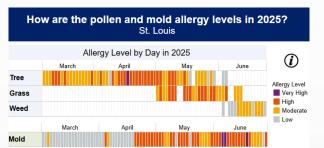
Additional Maps and Dashboards

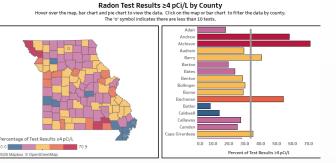
- Lead Exposure Risk Tool
- Tickborne Disease StoryMap
- Mosquito-borne Disease StoryMap
- Pollen and Mold dashboard
- Food Access StoryMap
- Radon data dashboard
- Hyperthermia/Hypothermia
 - Warming and Cooling Centers Maps
- Missouri Fish Advisory dashboard
- Community Profiles





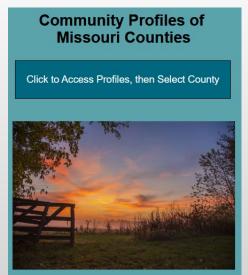
















Hypothermia in Missouri



Harmful Algal Bloom (HAB) Reporting Tools

Bureau of Environmental Epidemiology

Development Team

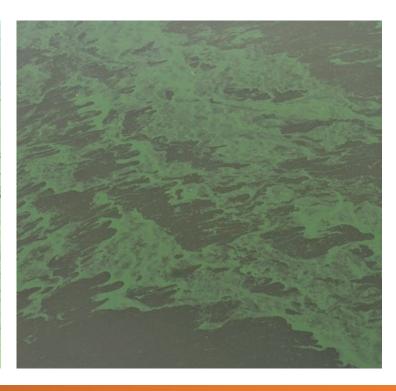


What are Harmful Algal Blooms (HABs)?

- Rapid growth of algae or cyanobacteria that may produce toxins
- Driven by nutrients, sunlight, warm temperatures, low flow
- Exposure may cause illness to people or animals
- Paint-like, clumped, pea soup appearance
- Varying colors: green, teal, white, red, brown







HAB-Associated Symptoms

Human symptoms

- Depends on exposure route and toxin amount
- Skin irritation/rash
- Vomiting
- Cramps
- Diarrhea
- Dizziness
- Fainting
- Numbness
- Tingling
- Temporary paralysis
- Inhaled: allergy/asthma-like symptoms

Animal symptoms

- Vomiting
- Diarrhea
- Rash
- Difficulty breathing
- General weakness
- Liver failure
- Seizures
- Drooling
- Convulsions/death

If you or your pets come in contact with a suspected HAB, wash immediately with clean water and monitor for symptoms.



HAB Reporting Form

When in Doubt, REPORT and stay out!



https://dnr.mo.gov/water/howswater/pollutantssources/cyanobacteria-harmful-algalblooms-blue-green-algae/reportalgal-bloom

Harmful Algal Bloom Reporting Form









If you believe you have observed a potentially Harmful Algal Bloom (HAB), please use this form to notify the HAB response team. The HAB response team will review all reports submitted. Please provide contact information so that a staff member can follow up on a report. You may also report potential HABs anonymously by calling the Department of Natural Resources environmental response line at (573) 634-2436 or Department of Health and Senior Services health emergency line at (800) 392-0272.

Illnesses Possibly	Related to	Suspected	HAB
--------------------	------------	-----------	-----

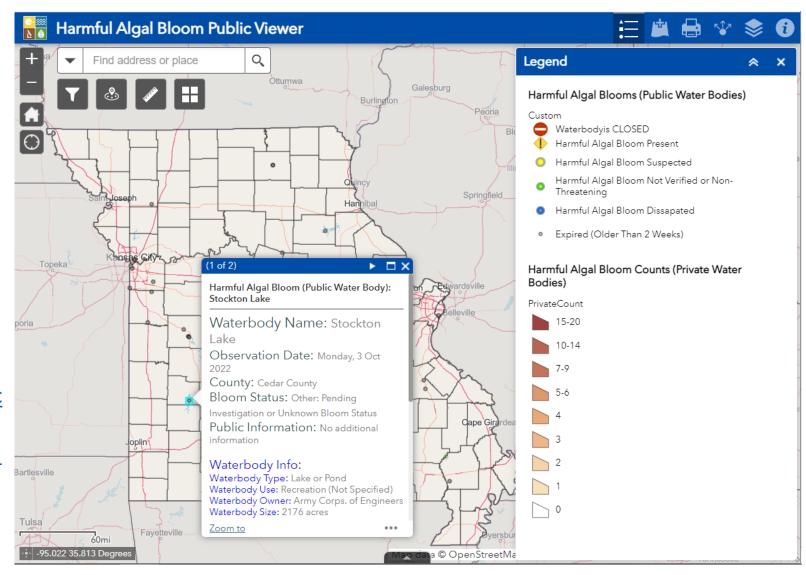
Are you aware of any person having symptoms that may be attributed to the suspected HAB?*

O Yes			
O No			

DNR HAB Public Map Viewer



https://modnr.maps.arcgis.c om/apps/webappviewer/in dex.html?id=6add04e559bd 431388ca0b7b8bc0a795



Additional HAB Resources

- Links on MO DNR webpage: https://dnr.mo.gov/water/hows-water/pollutantssources/cyanobacteria-harmful-algal-blooms-blue-green-algae
- Call MO DNR Environmental Response Spill Line: 573-634-2436
- Call MO DHSS Public Health Emergency 24/7 Hotline: 800-392-0272



Wastewater Surveillance Program

Funded by CDC/HHS.

The Partnership





Wastewater Operators and Local Public Health Departments collect samples. It is a voluntary program with a sample reimbursement of \$100 per sample submitted.

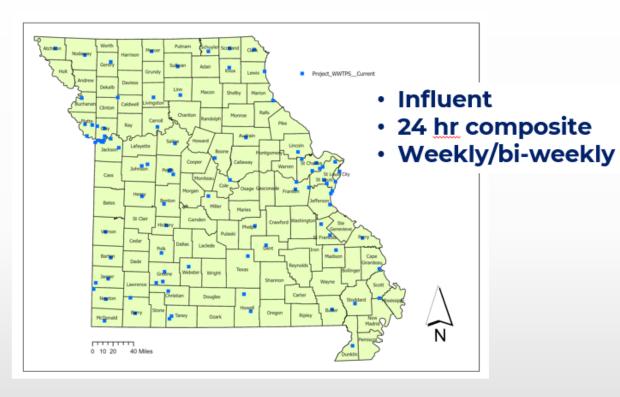


University of Missouri–Columbia conducts sample analysis.



DHSS administers project funding and conducts data analysis to inform public health strategy.

Current Sampling Sites and Analyses



Targets:

- Respiratory Illnesses
 - o SARS-CoV-2
 - o Influenza
 - o RSV
- Non-respiratory Illnesses
 - o C. Auris
 - o Mpox
 - o Measles
- o Drugs
 - o Opioids-school testing

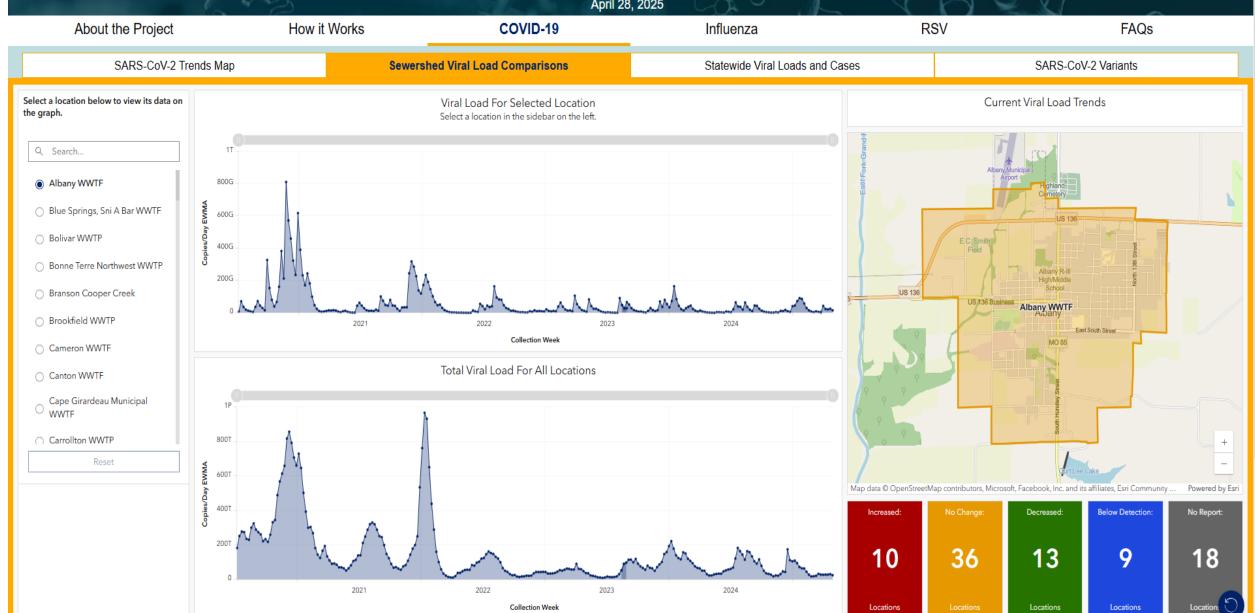
2020 2021 2022 2023 2024 2025 **Present**

2112 Samples 9-92 sites ~59% population 36 state facilities 7555 Samples ~105 sites ~60% population 36 state facilities 6549 Samples
~103 sites
~60%
population
36 state facilities

4801 Samples ~90 sites ~59% population 1 state facilities 4291 Samples ~84 sites ~58% population 1 University ~85 sites ~58% population 1 University 1 Hospital

The Missouri Wastewater Surveillance Program

A collaborative effort April 28, 2025



Future of Wastewater Surveillance

- Current targets for Missouri wastewater
 - SARS-CoV-2 (COVID-19)
 - Influenza
 - RSV
 - (as needed) mpox, *C. auris*, and measles
- Possible additional targets for Missouri
 - Emerging infectious diseases of concern
- 2026 FIFA WORLD CUP-Kansas City,
- Metagenomics

Contact information: Leslie McCracken Wastewater Surveillance Program Manager DHSS.WastewaterSurveillanceProgram@health.mo.gov